GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:1631
ANSWERED ON:13.03.2002
POPULATION CONTROL
KUMUDINI PATNAIK

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether due to shortage of funds and lack of Central assistance the population control programme is pushed to the back seat by the State Governments;

(b) if so, whether Government are considering to bear the total cost of the programme as a Central Plan Project during the Tenth Plan;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) the list of States in order of their position on the basis of their achievement percentage in this regard during the years of 1999-2000, 2000- 2001 and 2001-2002 (up to end of December, 2001)?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA)

(a) to (c): National Family Welfare Programme continues to be centrally sponsored programme. The allocation of funds for the programme has increased significantly over the last five years. Accordingly, the releases to the States also have been increasing. From the first year of the Tenth Plan i.e. 2002-03 all the sub-centres in the country (137311) will be funded by Department of Family Welfare in lieu of Rural Family Welfare Centres transferred to the States. This will help enormously in improving the Family Welfare activities. The year-wise allocation of funds to the Department of Family Welfare is as under: -

(Rs. In Crores)

Year	Budget Estimate	Revised Estimate
1997-98	1829.35	1829.35
1998-99	2489.35	2253.00
1999-00	2920.00	3120.00
2000-01	3520.00	3200.00
2001-02	4210.00	3700.00
2002-03	4930.00	

(d) A statement indicating State wise demographic indicators on important aspects like population growth rate, Infant Mortality Rate (IMR), Total Fertility Rate and Couple Protection Rate etc. is Annexed.

Annexure

DEMOGRAPHIC INDICATORS

S. No	State/UT	Population (in 000) 2001	Annual Exponential Growth Rate (%) 1991-01 2001	Literacy Rate % female (7 yrs & above) 2001	Sex Ratio (Females per 1000 males)	C.B.R. (Crude Birth Rate) 1999
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
	INDIA	1,027,015	1.93	54.18	933	26.1

I MAJOR STATES

1.	Andhra Pr.	75,728	1.30	51.17	978	21.7
2	Assam	26,638	1.73	56.03	932	27.0
3	Bihar	82,879	2.50	33.57	921	31.5
4	Gujarat	50,597	2.03	58.60	921	25.4
5	Haryana	21,083	2.47	56.31	861	28.8
6	Karnataka	52,734	1.59	57.45	884	22.3
7	Kerala	31,839	0.90	87.88	1058	18.0
8	Madhya Pradesh	60,385	2.18	50.28	920	31.1
9	Maharashtra	98,752	2.04	87.51	922	21.1
10	Orissa	36,707	1.48	50.97	972	24.1
11	Punjab	24,289	1.80	83.55	874	21.5
12	Rajasthan	56,473	2.49	44.34	922	31.1
13	Tamil Nadu	82,111	1.06	84.55	986	18.3
14	Uttar Pradesh	166,053	2.30	42.98	898	32.8
15	West Bengal	80,221	1.84	60.22	934	20.7

II SMALLER STATES

1	Arunacahl Pradesh	1,091	2.33	44.24	901	22.3
2	Chattisgarh	20,798	1.88	52.40	990	28.9
3	Delhi	13,783	3.81	75.00	821	20.3
4	Goa	1,344	1,39	75.51	989	14.3
5	Himachal Pradesh	8,077	1.62	88.08	970	23.8
6	J & K	10,070	2,55	41.82	900	NA
7	Jharkhand	28,909	2.09	39.38	941	28.3
8	Manipur	2,389	2.63	59.70	978	18.6
9	Meghalaya	2,306	2.62	60.41	975	28.7
10	Mizoram	891	2.58	88.13	938	17.0
11	Nagaland	1,989	4.97	81.92	909	11.8
12	Sikkim	540	2.85	81.46	875	21.8
13	Tripura	3,191	1.46	85.41	950	17.0
14	Uttar Pradesh	8,480	1.76	60.28	984	19.6

III UNION TERRITORIES

1	A & N Islands	356	2.39	75.29	846	18.1
2	Chandigarh	901	3.39	78.85	773	17.9
3	D & N Haveli	220	4.65	42.99	811	34.2
4	Daman & Diu	158	4.42	70.37	709	28.9
5	Lakshadweep	61	1.59	81.56	947	25.1
6	Pondicherry	974	1.87	74.13	1001	17.7

C.D.R. (Crude Death Rate) 1999	Natural Inrease (CBR-CDR) 1999	I.M.R. (Infant Mortality Rate) 1999	T.F.R. 1998	Mean age at effective manage (Female)	G.F.R (in %) 31.3.2000 (Prov.)	
		1998 By all meth	By Ster.			
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
8.7	17.4	70	3.2	19.5	48.2	29.0
8.2	13.5	88	2.4	18.7	52.8	44.5
8.7	17.3	78	3.2	20.3	15.2	12.3

8.9	22.6	63	4.3	18.8	21.2	18.7
79	17.5	63	3.0	20.2	52.8	35.4
77	19.1	88	3.3	19.1	40.4	32.3
77	14.8	58	2.4	18.5	50.3	44.6
5.4	11.5	14	1.8	23.8	39.6	34.5
10.4	20.7	90	3.9	18.8	45.9	28.0
75	13.6	48	2.7	19.2	49.3	40.0
10.7	13.4	97	2.9	19.8	37.6	26.5
74	14.1	53	2.6	21.0	65.5	35.2
8.4	22.7	81	4.1	18.0	36.1	22.9
8.0	11.3	52	2.0	20.9	50.4	39.3
10.5	22.3	84	4.6	19.8	38.0	17.3
71	13.6	52	2.4	19.6	32.2	27.2
6.0	16.3	43	2.8	NA	14.0	9.7
9.8	17.3	78				
4.8	15.5	31	1.6	NA	27.0	17.0
72	7.1	21	1.0	NA	23.0	21.1
75	18.5	82	2.4	20.8	40.9	34.8
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	14.4	12.1
8.9	17.4	71				
5.4	13.2	25	2.4	NA	17.8	11.3
9.1	19.5	56	4.0	NA	4.7	2.8
5.5	11.5	19	NA	NA	34.3	28.9
2.3	NA	NA	1.5	NA	8.2	6.3
5.8	15.8	49	2.5	NA	21.5	14.8
5.7	11.3	42				
8.5	13.1	52				
5.5	12.5	25	1.9	NA	38.4	32.2
3.9	14.0	28	2.1	NA	33.5	23.3
5.5	27.8	56	3.5	NA	27.5	25.8
71	18.8	35	2.5	NA	29.3	23.0

4.7	20.4	32	2.8	NA	7.2	3.3
8.9	10.8	22	1.8	NA	58.4	51.2

Source -

1 Col. 2 = 2001 census

2. Col. 6 x11 = SRS Estimates

3. 12 = Deptt. of Family Welfare
Col. 3,4,5 = 2001

$ Excludes J&K and Nagaland NA: Not Available

Note: 1 . TFR for smaller States and UTs are three year moving average 1995-97

2. Infant mortality rate for smaller States and Union Territories are for the period 1997-98.